

Michael S. Frank January 5, 2010



All you ever wanted to know about public employee pensions but were afraid to ask...

Pension Overview Agenda



- Understanding the landscape
 - Pension basics
- Overview of the California Public Employee Retirement System (CalPERS)
 - Historical context
- Novato- Our past and our future
 - Historic and projected retirement contribution rates
- Pension reform
- Local options and considerations

Total Employee Compensation Example



Miscellaneous

Retirement 12%

Benefits 15%

Salary 73%

Police Officer

Retirement 21%

Benefits 14%

Salary 65%

Types of Retirement Plans



Defined Benefit

- Benefits received are based on a set formula
 - Years of service, age at retirement, and highest average salary
- Formula defines amount paid out, not the amount put in system
- Novato's defined benefit plan is administered by CalPERS.

Defined Contribution

- A savings plan with pre-tax contributions that accumulate taxfree (e.g. 401(k), 457(b), etc)
- Benefits received based on amount contributed and investment returns
- Investment decisions are made by the employee

Novato's PERS Plans



Miscellaneous:

- Includes Management, Engineering, SEIU, Police Technical, and Confidential
- Current plan 2% at 55

Safety - Police:

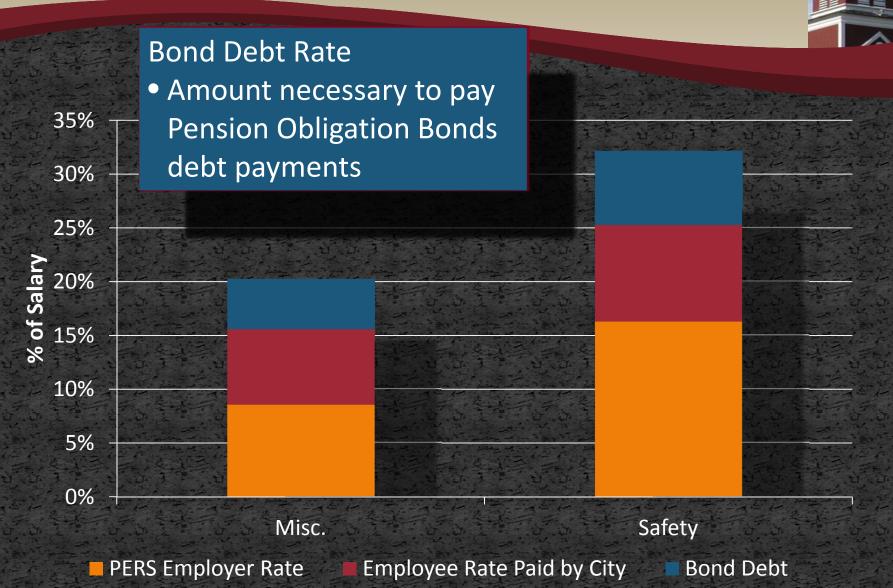
- Includes Police Management, Sergeants and Officers
- Current plan 3% at 55

Example of 3% at 55 PERS Retirement Calculation



- Example Police Officer retires at age 55
- Highest Year Salary x 3% x Number of Service Years =
 Annual Retirement
- Other facts and complexities
 - 3% example changes depending on age of employee at retirement
 - Sometimes a % cap is placed on earnings (e.g. PERS has a 90% cap on Public Safety retirement)
 - Agencies may or may not be in Social Security
 - City only pays for service time with Novato

Employer Paid Retirement Rate Components FY 09/10



Pension Obligation Bonds



- 1 bond issue; June 2006
- Used to fund PERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability
- Saves City money because our interest rates are less than PERS interest rates
 - 2006 Bond average is 5.9% vs. PERS 7.75%



CalPERS System Overview

January 2010

CalPERS Overview

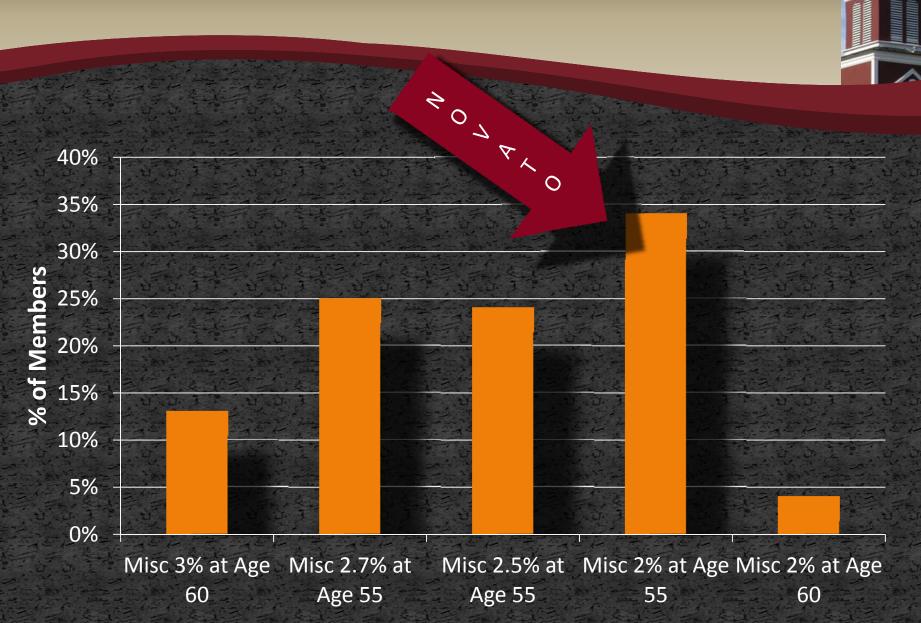
	June 30, 2008
Number of contracting agencies	1,482
Covered active misc. employees	216,000
Covered active safety employees	52,576

Major Factors Impacting PERS Rates



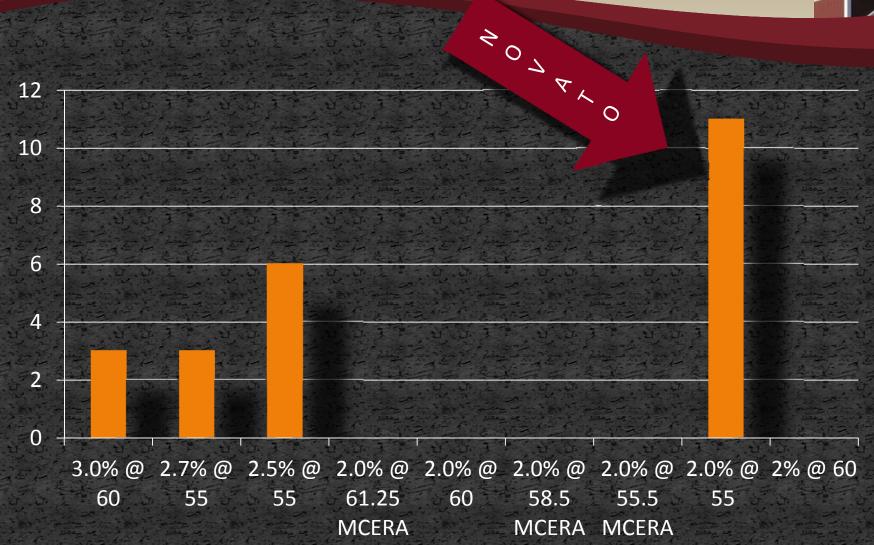
- Benefit plan and upgrades (graphs)
- •Investment gains or losses (graph)
 - Actuarial assumed earnings of 7.75% vs actual return
- Salary increase gains or losses
 - Actuarial assumed annual salary increases of 3.25% vs actual increases

Statewide Miscellaneous PERS Formulas



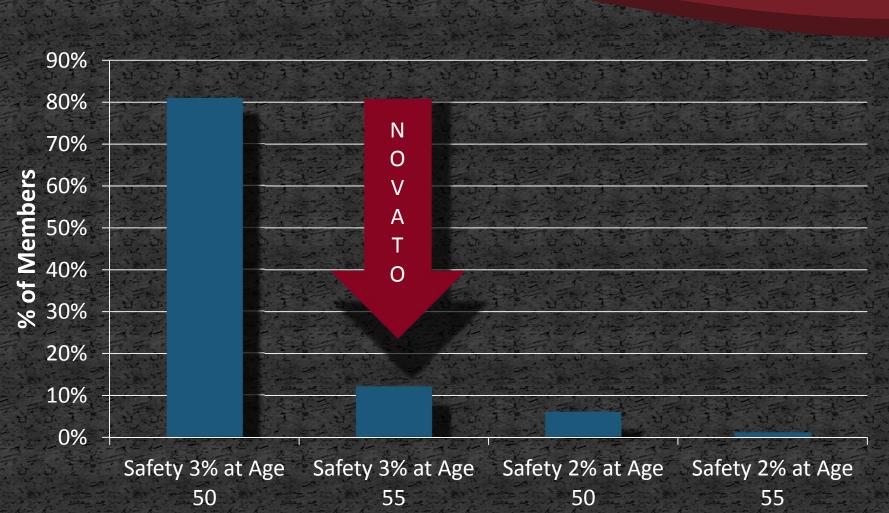
Local Miscellaneous Formulas Marin and Sonoma





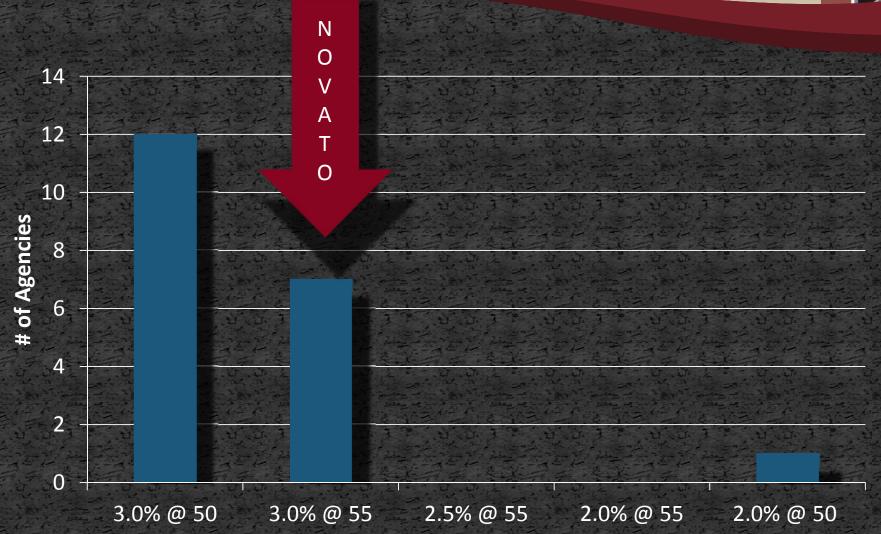
Statewide PERS Safety Formulas





Local Safety Formulas Marin and Sonoma





Pension Systems' Investment Returns 25.00% 20.00% 15.00% 10.00% 5.00% 0.00% 1999 2000 2002 2003 2004 2007 2001 2005 2006 2009 -5.00% **PERS** -10.00% -15.00% -20.00% -25.00% -30.00%

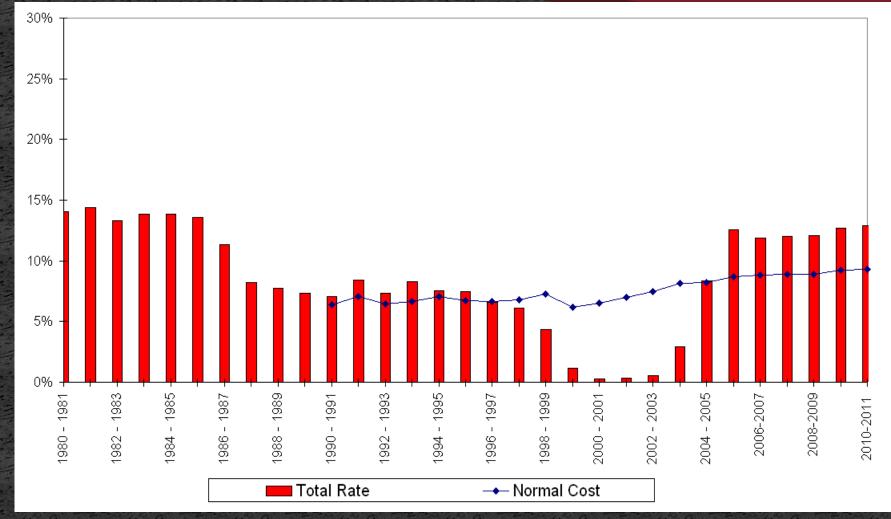
Investment Returns by CalPERS



- CalPERS assumes its long term return will be 7.75%
 - 1 Year Return: -24%
 - 5 Year Return: 1.5%
 - 10 Year Return: 2.3%
 - 15 Year Return: 6.9%
 - 20 Year Return: 7.4%

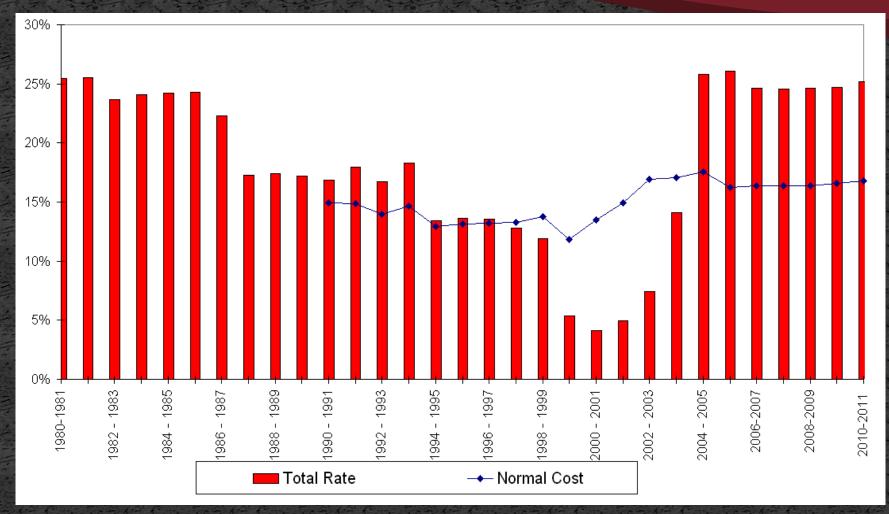
Ave. Employer Rates – Misc.





Ave. Employer Rates – Safety





Public Pension System Problems



- Isolated System Abuses
 - Disability
 - Spiking
- Changes in law and court rulings
- Radical decline in pension assets and rate volatility
- New plan tiers adopted in late nineties
 - Enacted by Legislature; implemented locally
 - Archaic with respect to life expectancy
- No actions expected from Sacramento

Opposition to Public Employee Pensions



- Philosophical or political
 - Government shouldn't be in this business
 - Similar argument to privatization of Social Security
 - PERS has too much power
- Fairness
 - If the average taxpayer doesn't have a pension, public employees shouldn't have one
 - Industry restructuring (e.g. auto)
- Public's perception/misconception of government generally and pensions and public employees specifically
 - "With unemployment in the 10% range it galls people to hear of such income levels. There is much envy, jealousy, and anger."
 - Perception of huge pension payouts
 - CalPERS average \$25,200
 - MCERA average \$32,000

Legislative and Ballot Box Fixes



- Signatures for Initiative presently being collected
- Outstanding legislation
- Governor's blue ribbon committee
- Past PERS reforms

Is CalPERS sustainable?



YES

- Funded status of plans has decreased, however, ability to pay benefits remains intact
- Some agencies may consider their future costs to be unsustainable
 - Current rates are highest in more than 25 years
 - With decline in investments in 2008-2009, rates are expected to be the highest ever



Novato – Our Past and Future

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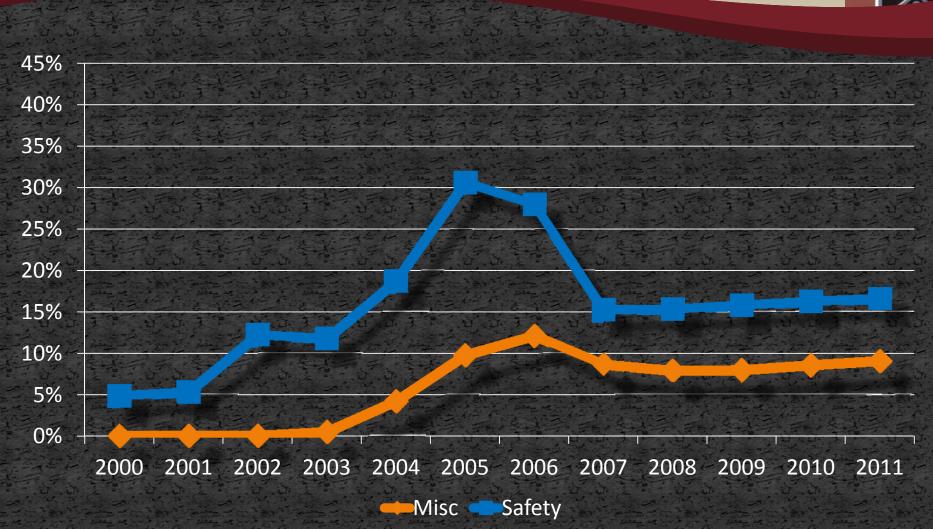
Novato's PERS Portfolio



- As of 6/30/08, City plans are close to funded in Fiscal Year 10/11
 - Safety account funded at 88%
 - Miscellaneous account funded at 99%
 - Our funded status will decrease in FY 11/12
- Novato never offered enhanced retirement formulas
 - PERS law changed to allow enhanced retirement formulas like 3% at 50 for Public Safety in 2001 and Miscellaneous in 2002

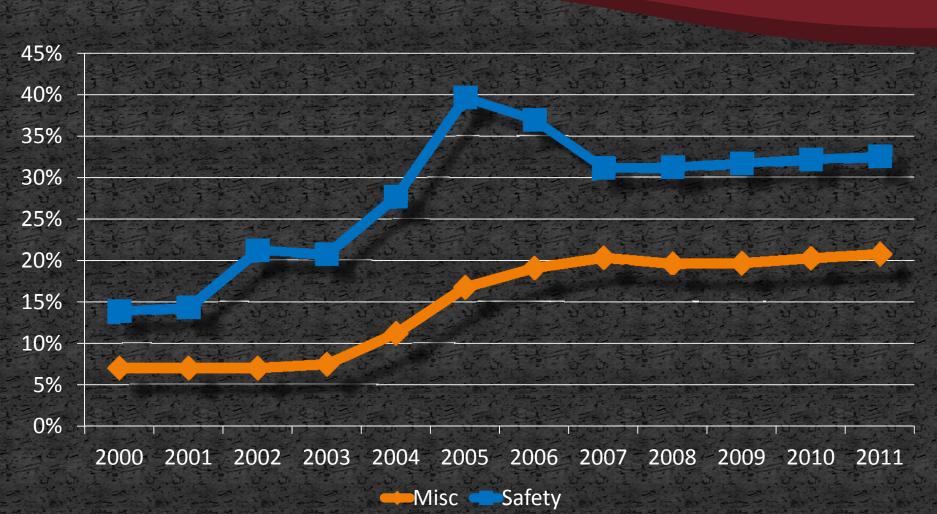
Novato's Historic Employer Rate





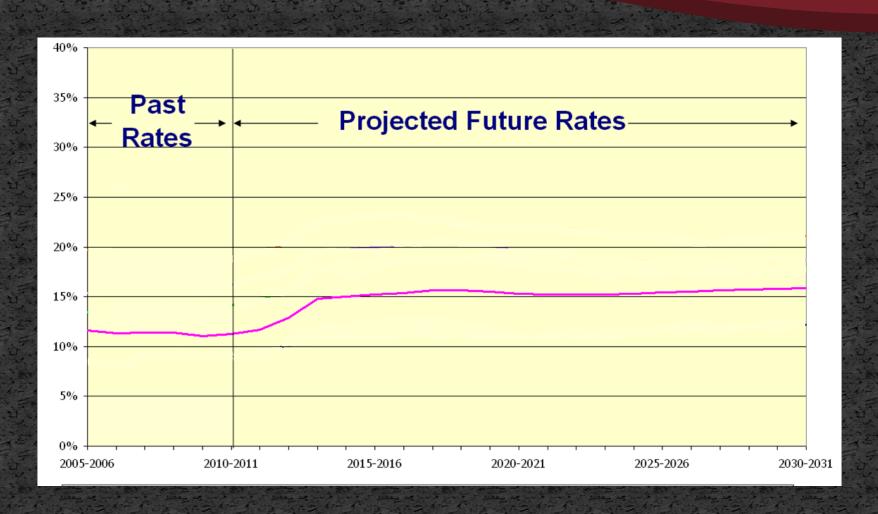
Novato's Historic Total Retirement Contribution





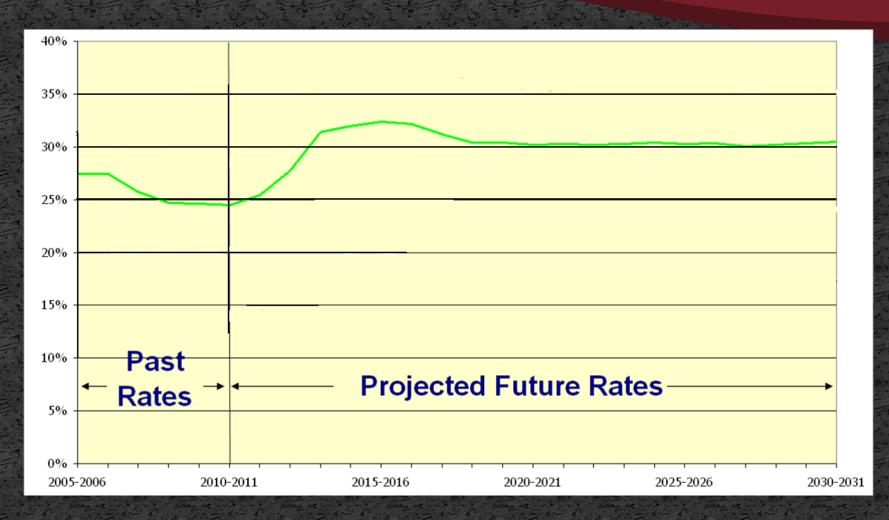
Average PERS Employer Rates Miscellaneous Plan 2% @ 55 Formula





Average PERS Employer Rates Safety Plan 3% @ 55 Formula





Estimated Novato PERS Rate Increase due to 24% Investment Loss



	<u>Miscellaneous</u>	<u>Safety</u>
2011-2012	1.250%	2.025%
2012-2013	2.050%	3.500%
2013-2014	2.150%	3.625%
2014-2015	0.250%	0.450%
Total Increase	5.700%	9.600%



Pension Reform



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Marin Managers' Association Pension Reform Goals



- Better employer/employee risk balance
- Eliminate abuses
- Establish plans for career service employees
- Advocate for change:
 - Demographic trends, local flexibility
- Must be actuarially grounded
- Create greater budget stability
- Eliminate unsustainable pension plan tiers
- Recognize need to attract/retain public sector talent

Marin Managers' Association Local Conclusions



- Directed to New Hire Employees:
- Negotiating reduced pension benefits for <u>new hires</u> with the following targets:
 - 2% at 50 for safety employees
 - 2% at 60 for miscellaneous employees
 - MCERA 2% at 61.25
 - Average of highest three years (rather than highest single year)
- Limiting pension COLAs to 2% (already implemented)
- Eventually having all employees pay their share of pension contributions
- Eliminating the practice of reporting employer-paid employee pension contributions as compensable earnings

Marin Managers' Association State Recommendations:



- Develop new plans
 - Reflect chance in demographics and work life
 - Better choice; hybrids models
- Drop plan options approved a decade ago
 - Safety 3%@50; Misc. 2.7%@55 & 3%@60 tiers
- Establish Caps 80% for misc.; 90% for safety



Local Options and Considerations

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City Options (most require negotiations and do not produce savings in the short term)



- Create less expensive pension tier for new employees
 - Change formula
 - Single Highest Year to 3-Year Average
- Change Employer Paid Member Contribution as not being reportable compensation to PERS
- Shift City Paid Employee Contribution from 100% to some
 % paid for by the Employee
- Create hybrid plan with pension at minimal level and supplement with defined contribution plan
- Issuance of additional Pension Obligation Bonds

Pension Only One Piece of Labor Strategy

- Recruitment
- Retention
- Changing Demographics

- Labor Relations
- Employee / City Relations
- Productivity
- Organizational Culture

Competitive in the Market

- Salary
- Benefits
- Retirement

Sustainable Employee Costs

Summary



- Novato has been very fiscally conservative
- Changes need to be made in Novato's pension
 - Discussions will occur in closed session as part of labor negotiations
- Important to separate fact from perception
- The City needs to also consider its competitive position in the market
- Statewide legislative solutions are ideal but are unlikely except at the ballot box
 - There are legislative fixes without tossing out the whole system



End of Presentation

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